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## RESEARCH ARTICLE

### PROBABLY IMPORTANT RECORD OF NORDMANN'S (SPOTTED) GREENSHANK TRINGAGUTTIFER FROM DHOLERA WETLAND, DISTRICT AHMEDABAD, GUJARAT, INDIA

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#### ABSTRACT

The Nordmann's Greenshank *T. guttifer* is an East world coastal bird. Are resident and breed in North-East, East, South-East Asia. Winter in Myanmar and Bangladesh. Two vagrant records from Nepal and Sri Lanka are insignificant and containable and rejected by authority. Kasambe and Kasambe has sighted in 2020 on 21<sup>st</sup> December at Western Coast of Maharashtra. In present article, introducing bird like Nordmann's (Spotted) Greenshank *T. guttifer*, from Dholera wetland, Western coast of Gujarat, India.

##### Keywords:

Nordmann's Greenshank Dholera Gujarat

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## INTRODUCTION

The Nordmann's (Spotted) Greenshank *Tringaguttifer* are medium sized wader, resembling of Greenshank *T. nebuladria*, belongs to *Tringa* Genus and Family *Scolopacidae*. It is an endangered race listed in IUCN Red List of Threatened bird of India – Mistnet 15(1): 10-16 – Birdlife International. Resident and breed – Kamchatka North-East sea of Okhotsk, Okhotsk Western sea, Sakhalin. Winter in Philippines, Taiwan, East China, South Korea, Japan, East Sumatra, Malaysia, South Myanmar, Singapore. On 24<sup>th</sup> Nov, 2021, I was birding at Dholera wetland (22.25° N, 72.19° E), 136 km South-West from Ahmedabad city. Is largest wetland on Ahmedabad-Dholera road, spreaded over roughly 3 sq. km. It is a shallow wetland with muddy lagoon. Wetland supports more than 2000 species (water birds) every year. It is remarkable water fowl habitat. At 3:45 PM, I came across bird like Greenshank, very close to Marsh sandpiper and Greenshank. Shot some images, birds were differing in Marsh sandpiper and Greenshank. Birds are in winter plumage. Has a horned broad-based long bill (Greenish-green bill in Common Greenshank), rather curved upward at tip, white forehead, eye ring disconnects white supercilium, throat, center of breast (streak-less in Common) and belly, streaked crown, nape, neck and rump, brownish-yellow legs (Greenish in common), shorter tibia, white spotless greenish-grey wing coverts (white spotted greenish wing covert in common greenshank).

**Greenshank:** Birds are very difficult to identify in field. Records are very important for their distribution range.

The first confirmed reference is available from Western Coast of India. Kasambe&Kasambe (2022), has sighted Nordmann's Greenshank on

21<sup>st</sup> December 2020 on Akshi Beach, Maharashtra. Other records are available from Nepal and Sri Lanka. Both records are unreliable and are considered as forgery. Also rejected by authorities. However, several clearly photographed wintering locations, all are in Bangladesh, including Harsher Char, Sonadia Island, Noakhali, JahajjaChor (North), NijumDwip, Domar Char and Foillatoli. Birds are generally found in Coastal areas. Present observation is also carried out from coastal area. Only 1-2 km North from Coastal area of Dholera.





### Classification

Species authority: - Nordmann, 1835  
 Domain: Eukaryote  
 Genus: - *Tringa*  
 Family: - Scolopacidae  
 Order: - Charadriiformes  
 Class: - Aves  
 Phylum: - Chordata  
 Kingdom: - Animalia  
 Scientific name: - *Tringa tringoides*  
 Common name: - Nordmann's (Spotted) Greenshank

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